# **EXHIBIT "A'**

	6	Assign Judicial OfficerBret D. Hillman			
		For All Purposes			
1	Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. #178100 Law Offices of Derek P. Wisehart 2330 W. Main Street	TULARE COUNTY SUPERIOR COUNT VISALIA DIVISION			
2	Visalia, California 93291	Color			
3	Telephone: (559) 636-9473 Facsimile: (559) 636-9476	NOV 3 O 2023 STÉPÁANIE CAMERON, CLERK			
4	Email: derek@dwisehartlaw.com	BY Jamessa Minguela			
5	John K. Jackson, Esq. #172544 Law Office of John K. Jackson				
6	900 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291	CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE			
7	Telephone: (559) 713-1000	Hearing Date: 4/2/29			
8	Facsimile: (559) 713-1422 Email: johnjacksonlaw@hotmail.com	Time: 8:30AM Department: 7			
9		•			
10	Attorneys for Plaintiffs,  JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian				
11	Ad Litem, AMY SMITH, JESSE GARCIA, and MONICA GARCIA				
12	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
13	COUNTY OF TULARE				
14	CODITION	900 B 90			
39000		= 303817			
15	JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem,	= 303817			
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15	JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem,	= 303817  Case No.  COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:  1.) Fourth Amendment-Detention and			
15 16	JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem, AMY SMITH; JESSE GARCIA, SR.; and	Case No.  COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES:  1.) Fourth Amendment-Detention and Arrest (42 U.S.C. §1983); 2.) Fourth Amendment-Excessive Force			
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Department; OFFICER MARISSA BOLANOS, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER ANDREA MERCADO, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER ALEXIS MACIAS, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER JUSTIN HAMPTON, individually and in his official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER DANIEL GREWE, individually and in his official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; JESSE JAKIN GARCIA, a minor, named herein as a Nominal Defendant; and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, Defendants.

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COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

COMES NOW, Plaintiffs, JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem, AMY SMITH, JESSE GARCIA, SR. and MONICA GARCIA, individually and as successors-in-interest to Jesse Garcia, Jr., deceased, for their Complaint for damages against Defendants, COUNTY OF TULARE; CITY OF TULARE; DEPUTY TIMOTHY HOLDBROOK, individually and in his official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff for the Tulare County Sheriff's Office; DEPUTY ERIK OSUNA, individually and in his official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff for the Tulare County Sheriff's Office; DEPUTY MONIQUE MENDOZA, individually and in her official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff for the Tulare County Sheriff's Office; CORPORAL VINCENT MEDINA, individually and in his

official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER MARISSA BOLANOS, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER ANDREA MERCADO, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER ALEXIS MACIAS, individually and in her official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER JUSTIN HAMPTON, individually and in his official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; OFFICER DANIEL GREWE, individually and in his official capacity as a Police Officer for the Tulare Police Department; and alleges as follows:

### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

This court has jurisdiction of this action, in that the amount in controversy
demanded by Plaintiffs exceeds \$25,000.00, and the events or omissions giving rise to the
Plaintiffs' claims and causes of action occurred within the State of California, County of
Tulare where the actions of the Defendants took place.

### INTRODUCTION

- This civil rights and state tort action seeks compensatory and punitive damages
  from Defendants for violating various rights under the United States Constitution and state law
  in connection with the fatal officer-shooting of Jesse Garcia, Jr. ("DECEDENT") on
  December 1, 2022.
- 3. Plaintiffs timely filed and presented their claims to the public entities pursuant to California Government Code §910, et seq. Plaintiffs presented their claims via personal service on the City of Tulare and on the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors for Tulare County, State of California on May 30, 2023. True and correct copies of Plaintiffs claim forms are attached hereto and incorporated herein as Exhibits A and B.
  - 4. The claim against the City of Tulare was rejected on June 20, 2023. A true and

correct copy of the NOTICE OF REJECTION OF CLAIM is attached hereto as Exhibit C.

The claim against the County of Tulare was rejected on June 27, 2023. A true
and correct copy of the COUNTY OF TULARE NOTICE OF REJECTION OF CLAIM is
attached hereto as Exhibit D.

### **PARTIES**

- At all relevant times, Decedent Jesse Garcia, Jr. ("DECEDENT") was an individual residing in the City of Tulare, County of Tulare, State of California.
- 7. Plaintiff, JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, ("CHILD") a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem, AMY SMITH, is an individual residing in the City of Tulare, County of Tulare, State of California and is the biological son of DECEDENT. CHILD sues both in his individual capacity as the son of DECEDENT and in a representative capacity as a successor-in-interest to DECEDENT pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §377.60. CHILD seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under federal and state law.
- 8. Plaintiff, JESSE GARCIA, SR., ("FATHER") is an individual residing in the City of Tulare, County of Tulare, State of California and is the biological father of DECEDENT. FATHER sues both in his individual capacity as the father of DECEDENT and in a representative capacity as a successor-in-interest to DECEDENT pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §377.60. FATHER seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under federal and state law.
- 9. Plaintiff, MONICA GARCIA, ("MOTHER") is an individual residing in the City of Tulare, County of Tulare, State of California and is the biological mother of DECEDENT. MOTHER sues both in her individual capacity as the mother of DECEDENT and in a representative capacity as a successor-in-interest to DECEDENT pursuant to

California Code of Civil Procedure §377.60. MOTHER seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under federal and state law.

- 10. At all relevant times, Defendant, COUNTY OF TULARE ("COUNTY") is and was a municipal corporation existing under the laws of the State of California. COUNTY is a chartered subdivision of the State of California with the capacity to be sued. COUNTY is responsible for the actions, omissions, policies, procedures, practices, and customs of its various agents and agencies, including the Tulare County Sheriff's Office ("TCSO") and its agents and employees. At all relevant time, Defendant, COUNTY was responsible for assuring that the actions, omissions, policies, procedures, practices, and customs of the TCSO and its employees and agents complied with the laws of the United States and of the State of California.
- At all relevant times, Defendant, CITY OF TULARE ("CITY") is and was a municipal corporation existing under the laws of the State of California. CITY is a chartered subdivision of the State of California with the capacity to be sued. CITY is responsible for the actions, omissions, policies, procedures, practices, and customs of its various agents and agencies, including the Tulare Police Department ("TPD") and its agents and employees. At all relevant time, Defendant, CITY was responsible for assuring that the actions, omissions, policies, procedures, practices, and customs of the TPD and its employees and agents complied with the laws of the United States and of the State of California.
- 12. Defendant, DEPUTY TIMOTHY HOLDBROOK ("HOLDBROOK") on information and belief, is a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Office.

  HOLDBROOK is being sued both in his individual capacity and official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Department.
  - 13. Defendant, DEPUTY ERIK OSUNA ("OSUNA") on information and belief, is

a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Office. OSUNA is being sued both in his individual capacity and official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Department.

- 14. Defendant, DEPUTY MONIQUE MENDOZA ("MENDOZA") on information and belief, is a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Office. MENDOZA is being sued both in her individual capacity and official capacity as a Deputy Sheriff with the Tulare County Sheriff's Department.
- 15. Defendant, CORPORAL VINCENT MEDINA ("MEDINA") on information and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. MEDINA is being sued in both his individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.
- 16. Defendant, OFFICER MARISSA BOLANOS ("BOLANOS") on information and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. BOLANOS is being sued in both her individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.
- 17. Defendant, OFFICER ANDREA MERCADO ("MERCADO") on information and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. MERCADO is being sued in both her individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.
- 18. Defendant, OFFICER ALEXIS MACIAS ("MACIAS") on information and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. MACIAS is being sued in both her individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.
  - 19. Defendant, OFFICER JUSTIN HAMPTON ("HAMPTON") on information

and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. HAMPTON is being sued in both his individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.

- 20. Defendant, OFFICER DANIEL GREWE ("GREWE") on information and belief, is a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department. GREWE is being sued in both his individual capacity and official capacity as a Police Officer with the Tulare Police Department.
- 21. Defendant, JESSE JAKIN GARCIA, ("J. GARCIA") a minor, (DOB: 3-5-2009) is an individual residing in the City of Tulare, County of Tulare, State of California and is the biological son of DECEDENT. J. GARCIA is named herein as a Nominal Defendant.
- 22. The true names, capacities, and involvement, whether individual, corporate, association or otherwise of Defendants DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are unknown to Plaintiffs, who otherwise sues these Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff may seek leave to amend this complaint to show the true names and capacity of these Defendants when they have been ascertained and new information comes to light. Each of the fictitiously-named Defendants is responsible in some manner for the conduct or liabilities alleged herein.
- 23. All named defendants herein, save and except for nominal defendant J.
  GARCIA, but including all DOE defendants, are sometimes referred to herein collectively as
  ("DEFENDANTS").
- 24. At all times mentioned herein, each and every DEFENDANT was the agent of each and every other DEFENDANT and had the legal duty to oversee and supervise the hiring, conduct, training, and employment of each and every DEFENDANT.
- 25. At all times mentioned herein, defendant COUNTY and TCSO was employer and agent of each and every COUNTY and TCSO employee defendant and had the legal duty

to oversee and supervise the hiring, conduct, training, and employment of each and every other COUNTY and TCSO employee defendant.

- 26. At all times mentioned herein, defendant CITY and TPD was the employer and agent of each and every CITY and TPD employee defendant and had a legal duty to oversee and supervise the hiring, conduct, training, and employment of each and every other CITY and TPD employee defendant.
- 27. All of the acts complained of herein by Plaintiffs against DEFENDANTS were done and performed by said DEFENDANTS by and through their authorized agents, servants, and/or employees, all of whom at all relevant times herein were acting within the course, purpose, and scope of said agency, service, and/or employment capacity. Moreover, DEFENDANTS and their agents ratified all of the acts complained of herein.

### FACTS COMMON TO ALL CLAIMS FOR RELIEF

- 28. On or about December 1, 2022 at or near the intersection of W. Cartmill

  Avenue and N. West Street, in the County of Tulare, DECEDENT was lawfully parked in a

  Ford pickup truck, sitting in the driver's seat, sleeping, in or near an orchard, when he was
  unlawfully detained, de-facto arrested, shot with a TASER (Tased), and shot multiple times by
  multiple TCSO and TPD DEFENDANTS with their duty issued firearms, and wrongfully
  killed by DEFENDANTS.
  - 29. TCSO deputy HOLDBROOK was first on scene.
- 30. Defendant HOLDBROOK promptly realized that the white Ford truck was not the stolen Chevy truck that he claims to have been looking for.
- Defendant HOLDBROOK had no reasonable suspicion or probable cause that any criminal activity was afoot related to DECEDENT or the white Ford truck.
  - Defendant HOLDBROOK nonetheless approached and detained DECEDENT.

canines meet and maintain the appropriate proficiency to effectively and reasonably carry out legitimate law enforcement objectives.

- 45. DEFEDNANTS and TPD had a duty and responsibility to PLAINTIFFS and DECEDENT to fully and regularly train and supervise police canine units, including training in police canine apprehension work utilizing a secure bite to apprehend or neutralize a suspect.
- 46. DEFENDANTS had a duty and responsibility to properly and thoroughly train all police canine officers and canine units prior to utilizing any TPD police canine in the field.
- DEFENDANTS, with deliberate indifference, breached such duty to train the canine units.
- 48. DEFENDANTS, intentionally and with deliberate indifference, utilized an unqualified deficient police canine unit in this incident.
- 49. Such police canine unit had multiple opportunities to apply a secure bite on DECEDENT'S right arm to apprehend the passive DECEDENT and neutralize any perceived threat.
- 50. Such police canine unit was so ill-trained that it entered DECEDENT'S vehicle through the passenger doorway more than once, as many as three times, with direct access to the passive DECEDENT'S right arm, with DECEDENT not reacting to or resisting the police canine unit, yet the police canine officer failed in its duty to follow his handler's command and apply a secure bite on the right arm of the passive DECEDENT to apprehend the passive DECEDENT and neutralize any perceived threat.
- 51. The canine handler, defendant GREWE, gave multiple commands ("Packen"), for the canine officer to attack or take hold of the passive DECEDENT with a secure bite, but the canine officer failed to follow such commands on at least three attempts.
  - 52. Each time the police canine was given a command, the police canine grossly

failed in its duties, directly and proximately causing and contributing to the damages alleged herein.

- 53. The unconscionable conduct of the police canine unit, and failure to follow a simple "Packen" bite command demonstrates a gross failure in canine training, ratification of the lack of training, deliberate indifference to the lack of training, on the part of DEFENDANTS.
- 54. The unconscionable conduct of the untrained, unqualified, deficient police canine unit in this incident proximately caused and/or contributed to PLAINTIFFS' injuries, damages, and to the injuries, damages, and death of DECEDENT.
- 55. At and near the point in time the police canine was entering and exiting the FORD truck through the passenger doorway, while the passive DECEDENT was distracted, DEFENDANTS, including HOLDBROOK and OSUNA had direct access, and hands on contact with the passive DECEDENT but failed to take hands-on, non-lethal action to secure and neutralize the passive DECEDENT.
- 56. After the police canine failed in its duties, defendant BOLANOS ran to the female passenger and got a quick statement that DECEDENT had a small unloaded gun.
- 57. After being informed by the witness that DECEDENT had an unloaded gun BOLANOS, failed to properly communicate to fellow DEFENDANTS that the gun was unloaded. Such failure to accurately and completely radio the information unnecessarily escalated the situation. Such failure to accurately and completely radio and convey such critical information violated policy and procedure, was the result of DEFENDENTS' failure to train, deliberate indifference, and proximately caused DECEDENT'S death and PLAINTIFFS' injuries and damages.
  - TPD defendant BOLANOS radioed that DECEDENT Jesse Garcia Jr. "does

have a small 1032" which is a handgun.

- TPD defendant BOLANOS failed to accurately radio that the small 1032 (gun)
   was reportedly unloaded and that DECEDENT did not have any ammunition.
- Corporal MEDINA repeated BOLANOS'S information "Did you copy that?
   Possible 1032 (gun).
- 61. At that moment, when Corporal MEDINA said "Did you copy that? Possible 1032 (gun), passive DECEDENT Jesse Garcia Jr. stated "don't taser me dude" and "just don't bro. I'll show you my right hand if you don't".
- 62. Defendant Deputy OSUNA then unnecessarily and drastically escalated the situation at that moment, and shot DECEDENT with his duty issued TASER.
- 63. It was within 35 seconds of BOLANOS's initial radio dispatch regarding a small 1032 (gun), with no escalating change in the passive DECEDENT'S behavior, despite DECEDENT'S statement that he would comply and "I'll show you my right hand if you don't [tase me]" DEFENDANTS unreasonably, unnecessarily, unlawfully, and against policy and procedure, escalated the incident by shooting DECEDENT with OSUNA'S department issued TASER.
- 64. Prior to being electronically TASED, the passive DECEDENT did not brandish a gun, verbally threaten DEFENDANTS with a gun, or physically display a gun in any way to threaten DEFENDANTS.
- 65. Pursuant to policy and procedure a TASER device should only be used when its operator can safely approach the subject within the operational range of the device.
- 66. DEFENDANTS made contact with and stood within operational range of the TASER device, just feet from DECEDENT for a significant period of time without verbal threat, threat of escape, violence, or physical resistance by DECEDENT toward any

### DEFENDANT.

- 67. DECEDENT remained passive, and did not demonstrate, by words or action, an intention to be violent or to physically resist.
- 68. DEFENDANTS failed to call in any mental health support, or other professionals to assist in de-escalating the situation.
  - 69. DECEDENT stated he would show his right hand if they did not TASE him.
- 70. Nonetheless, against policy and procedure, DEFENDANTS, decided to, instructed, ratified and did unnecessarily escalate the situation by deploying an electronic weapon (TASER) upon DECEDENT against policy and procedure.
- 71. Such electronic weapon (TASER) was fired upon DECEDENT utilizing electronic probes with the purpose, intent, and desire to affect neuromuscular incapacitation (NMI) of DECEDENT.
- 72. Such electronic weapon (TASER) was fired upon DECEDENT and did in fact cause the intended neuromuscular incapacitation (NMI) of DECEDENT.
- Several DEFENDANTS admittedly witnessed the passive DECEDENT physically "jolt" from being tased.
- 74. Immediately upon unnecessarily escalating the situation at the time by deploying the electronic weapon (TASER) upon DECEDENT, and intentionally causing DECEDENT'S neuromuscular incapacitation (NMI), DEFENDANTS shot and killed DECEDENT.
- 75. Seven (7) of the DEFENDANTS, to wit: HOLDBROOK, MENDOZA,
  MEDINA, BOLANOS, MERCADO, MACIAS, HAMPTON, (and unknown DOES)
  immediately and instantly reacted to OSUNA firing his TASER upon DECEDENT, by
  excessively shooting DECEDENT to death, by collectively firing as many as 71 rounds with

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1	immediate m	edical assistance to DECEDENT.
2	86.	DEFENDANTS delayed in providing any medical assistance to DECEDENT.
3	Only after co	nducting a search for a gun did DEFENDANTS provide any medical assistance
4	to DECEDEN	NT, after he was shot multiple times by DEFENDANTS.
5	87.	The conduct of DEFENDANTS, and each of them, was a substantial factor in
6	5-00-000	EDENT'S and Plaintiffs' harm, losses, injuries, and damages.
7	causing DDC	
8		FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
9		Fourth Amendment-Detention and Arrest (42 U.S.C. §1983)
10		(Against all DEFENDANTS)
11	88.	Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through
12	87 of this Con	mplaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
13	89.	DEFENDANTS detained DECEDENT without reasonable suspicion and
14	arrested him	without probable cause.
15	90.	DEFENDANTS' prolonged detention amounted to a de-facto arrest without a
16 17	warrant and v	vithout probable cause.
18	91.	DEFENDANTS searched and seized DECEDENT and DECEDENT'S vehicle
19		f authority, in the performance of their duties, without a warrant. DECENENT
20		and DEFENDANTS' unlawful search and seizure was a substantial factor in
21		
22		EDENT'S and Plaintiffs' harm.
23	92.	When DEFENDANTS shot DECEDENT, they violated DECEDENT'S rights
24	to be secure in	n his person against unreasonable searches and seizures as guaranteed to
25	DECEDENT	under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution and applied to
26	state actors fo	r the Fourteenth Amendment.
27	93.	The conduct of DEFENDANTS was willful, wanton, malicious,
28		15 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES
- 1	ľ	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

unconscionable, and done with reckless disregard and deliberate indifference for the rights and safety of DECEDENT and therefore warrants the imposition of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.

- 94. As a result of their misconduct, DEFENDANTS are liable for DECEDENT'S injuries, either because they were integral participants in the wrongful detention and arrest, or because they failed to intervene to prevent these violations.
- 95. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seek both survival and wrongful death damages for the violation of DECEDENT'S rights. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

### Fourth Amendment-Excessive Force (42 U.S.C. §1983)

### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 96. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through95 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 97. DEFENDANTS used excessive force against DECEDENT when they tased him and when they shot him. DEFENDANTS' unjustified taser deployment and/or shooting deprived DECEDENT of his rights to be secure in his person against unreasonable searches and seizures as guaranteed to DECEDENT under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution and applied to state actors by the Fourteenth Amendment.
- 98. As a result of the foregoing, DECEDENT suffered great physical pain and emotional distress up to the time of his death, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of life, and loss of earning capacity.
  - 99. The conduct of DEFENDANTS was willful, wanton, malicious,

unconscionable, and done with reckless disregard and deliberate indifference for the rights and safety of DECEDENT, and therefore warrants the imposition of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.

- 100. The shooting was excessive, unreasonable and unconscionable, especially because DECEDENT had just verbally stated his willingness to comply and show his hand immediately prior to the TASER shot and posed no immediate threat of death or serious bodily injury at the time of the TASER deployment and shooting. Further, DEFENDANTS' use of deadly force violated their training and standard police training.
- 101. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action as successors-in-interest to the DECEDENT, and seek both survival and wrongful death damages for the violation of DECEDENT'S rights. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

# Fourth Amendment-Denial of Medical Care (42 U.S.C. §1983) (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 102. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through101 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 103. The denial of medical care by DEFENDANTS deprived DECEDENT of his right to be secure in his person against unreasonable searches and seizures as guaranteed to DECEDENT under the Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution and applied to state actors by the Fourteenth Amendment.
- 104. As a result of the foregoing, DECEDENT suffered great physical pain and emotional distress up to the time of his death, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of life and loss of earning capacity.

	105.	DEFENDANTS knew that failure to provide timely medical treatment to
DECI	EDENT	could result in further significant injury or the unnecessary and wanton infliction
of pai	n, but d	isregarded that serious medical need, causing DECEDENT great bodily harm and
leath.	21	

- 106. The conduct of DEFENDANTS was willful, wanton, malicious, and done with reckless disregard for the rights and safety of DECEDENT and therefore warrants the imposition of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.
- 107. As a result of their misconduct, DEFENDANTS are liable for DECEDENT'S injuries and harm, either because they were integral participants in the wrongful detention and arrest, or because they failed to intervene to prevent these violations.
- 108. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action as successors-in-interest to the DECEDENT, and seek both survival and wrongful death damages for the violation of DECEDENT'S rights. Plaintiffs also seeks attorney fees including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### Substantive Due Process (42 U.S.C. §1983)

### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 109. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through 108 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 110. Plaintiffs have a cognizable interest under the Duc Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to be free from state actions that deprive them of life, liberty, or property in such a manner as to shock the conscience, including, but not limited to unwarranted state interference in Plaintiffs familial relationship with DECEDENT.

- 111. DECEDENT had a cognizable interest under the Due Process Clause of the Fourteenth Amendment of the United States Constitution to be free from state actions that deprive him of life, liberty, or property in such a manner as to shock the conscience.
- 112. The aforementioned actions of DEFENDANTS, along with other undiscovered conduct, shock the conscience, in that they acted with callous disregard and deliberate indifference to the constitutional rights of DECEDENT and Plaintiffs, and with purpose to harm unrelated to any legitimate law enforcement objective.
- 113. As a direct and proximate result of these actions, DECEDENT experienced pain and suffering and eventually died. DEFENDANTS thus violated the substantive due process rights of Plaintiffs to be free from unwarranted interference with their familial relationship with DECEDENT.
- 114. As a direct and proximate cause of the acts of DEFENDANTS, Plaintiffs suffered emotional distress, mental anguish, and pain. Plaintiffs have also been deprived of the lifelong love, companionship, comfort, support, society, care, and sustenance of DECEDENT, and will continue to be so deprived for the remainer of their respective lives.
- 115. The conduct of DEFENDANTS was willful, wanton, malicious, unconscionable and done with reckless disregard and deliberate indifference for the rights and safety of DECEDENT and Plaintiffs and therefore warrants the imposition of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.
- 116. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seek both survival and wrongful death damages. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

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### FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### Municipal Liability-Ratification (42 U.S.C. §1983)

### (Against Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES)

- 117. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through 116 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
  - 118. DEFENDANTS, and each of them, acted under color of law.
- 119. The acts of DEFENDANTS deprived DECEDENT and Plaintiffs of their particular rights under the United States Constitution.
- 120. Upon information and belief, a final policymaker, acting under color of law, who had final policymaking authority concerning the acts of DEFENDANTS, ratified DEFENDANTS' acts and the bases for them. Upon information and belief, the unknown final policymaker(s) knew of and specifically approved of DEFENDANTS' acts and omisions.
- 121. Upon information and belief, a final policymaker(s) has determined (or will determine) that the acts of DEFENDANTS were "within policy."
- 122. By reason of the aforementioned acts and omissions, Plaintiffs have suffered loss of the love, companionship, affection, comfort, care, society, training, guidance, and past and future support of DECEDENT. The aforementioned acts and omissions also caused DECEDENT'S pain and suffering, loss of enjoyment of life, and death.
- 123. Accordingly, Defendants CITY, COUNTY [TPD and TCSO] and DOES each are liable to Plaintiffs for compensatory damages under 42 U.S.C. §1983.
- 124. Plaintiff brings this cause of action as a successor-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause if action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees, including federal at state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

Municipal Liability- Failure to Train (42 U.S.C. §1983)

(Against Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES)

- 125. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through
   124 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
  - 126. DEFENDANTS, and each of them, acted under color of law.
- 127. The acts of DEFENDANTS deprived DECEDENT and Plaintiffs of their particular rights under the United States Constitution.
- 128. The training policies of Defendants CITY, COUNTY [TPD & TCSO] and DOES were not adequate to train its officers to handle the usual and recurring situations with which they must deal.
- 129. Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES were deliberately indifferent to the obvious consequences of its failure to train its officers adequately.
- 130. The failure of Defendants CITY, COUNTY [TPD & TCSO] and DOES to provide adequate training caused the deprivation of Plaintiffs' rights by DEFENDANTS; that is, DEFENDANTS' failure to train is so closely related to the deprivation of the Plaintiffs' rights as to be the moving force that caused the ultimate injury.
- 131. On information and belief, CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES failed to train DEFENDANTS properly and adequately.
- 132. By reason of the aforementioned acts and omissions, Plaintiffs have suffered loss of the love, companionship, affection, comfort, care, society, training, guidance, and past and future support of DECEDENT.
- 133. Accordingly, Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES each are liable to Plaintiffs for compensatory damages under 42 U.S.C. §1983.

Plaintiffs bring this cause of action as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, 1 and seek both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also 2 seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees 3 4 and civil penalties. 5 SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION 6 Municipal Liability- Unconstitutional Custom or Policy (42 U.S.C. §1983) 7 (Against Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES) 8 Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through 9 134 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein. 10 11 DEFENDANTS, and each of them, acted under color of law. 136. 12 137. DEFENDANTS acted pursuant to an expressly adopted official policy or a 13 longstanding practice or custom of the Defendant CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and 14 DOES. 15 138. On information and belief, DEFENDANTS were not disciplined, reprimanded, 16 retrained, suspended, or otherwise penalized in connection with DECEDENT'S death. 17 Defendants, CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES, together with other 18 19 CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOE policy makers and supervisors, maintained, inter 20 alia, the following unconstitutional customs, practices and policies: 21 Using excessive force, including excessive deadly force; a. 22 b. Failure to provide adequate training regarding the use of deadly force; 23 Providing inadequate training regarding the use of force including C. 24 deadly force; 25 d. Failure to provide adequate training to police canines and canine 26 27 handlers; 28 COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES

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while following the code, the officer being questioned will claim ignorance of the other officers' wrongdoing.

- On information and belief, maintaining a policy of inaction and an
  attitude of deliberate indifference towards soaring numbers of police SHOOTINGS and
  beatings, including by failing to discipline, retrain, investigate, terminate, and recommend
  officers for criminal prosecution who participate in SHOOTINGS and beatings of unarmed
  people.
- 140. By reason of the aforementioned acts and omissions, Plaintiffs have suffered loss of the love, companionship, affection, comfort, care, society, training, guidance, and past and future support of DECEDENT. The aforementioned acts and omissions also caused DECEDENT'S pain and suffering, loss of enjoyment of life, and death.
- other officials whether named or unnamed, had either actual or constructive knowledge of the deficient policies, practices and customs alleged in the paragraphs above. Despite having knowledge as stated above, these defendants condoned, tolerated and through actions and inactions thereby ratified such policies. Said defendants also acted with deliberate indifference to the foreseeable effects and consequences of these policies with respect to the constitutional rights of DECEDENT, Plaintiffs, and other individuals similarly situated.
- 142. By perpetrating, sanctioning, tolerating and ratifying the outrageous conduct and other wrongful acts, CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES acted with intentional, reckless, and callous disregard for the life of DECEDENT and for DECEDENT'S and Plaintiffs' constitutional rights. Furthermore, the policies, practices, and customs implemented, maintained, and still tolerated by Defendants, CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES were affirmatively linked to and were a significantly influential force

behind the injuries of DECEDENT and Plaintiffs.

- 143. Accordingly, Defendants CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES each are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages under 42 U.S.C. §1983.
- 144. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### **EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

# False Arrest/False Imprisonment

### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 145. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through144 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 146. DEFENDANTS, while working as officers for TPD and TCSO and acting within the course and scope of their duties and employment, intentionally and unlawfully arrested DECEDENT, and deprived DECEDENT of his freedom of movement by use of force, threats of force, menace, fraud, deceit, and unreasonable duress. DEFENDANTS detained DECEDENT without reasonable suspicion and arrested him without probable cause.
  - 147. DECEDENT did not knowingly or voluntarily consent.
- 148. DEFENDANTS detained, restrained, and confined DECEDENT for an appreciable amount of time, against DECEDENT'S will and in violation of his rights.
- 149. The conduct of the DEFENDANTS was a substantial factor in causing the harm and damages to DECEDENT.
- 150. DEFENDANTS authorized, encouraged, directed, ratified, and/or assisted other DEFENDANTS in doing the unlawful acts and omissions alleged herein, and procured

DECEDENT'S arrest without due process or probable cause.

- 151. Defendant CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES are vicariously liable for the wrongful acts of DEFENDANTS pursuant to section 815.2(a) of the California Government Code, which provides that a public entity is liable for the injuries caused by its employees within the scope of the employment if the employee's acts would subject him or her to liability.
- 152. The conduct of DEFENDANTS was malicious, willful, wanton, oppressive, unconscionable and accomplished with a conscious and callous disregard, and with deliberate indifference for the rights of DECEDENT, entitling Plaintiffs to an award of exemplary and punitive damages.
- 153. As a result of their misconduct, Defendants DOE OFFICERS are liable for DECEDENT'S injuries, either because they were integral participants in the wrongful detention and arrest, or because they failed to intervene to prevent these violations.
- 154. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### NINTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### Assault

### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 155. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through154 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 156. DEFENDANTS actions, including but not necessarily limited to drawing their TASER(S) and firearms and pointing them at DECEDENT for an appreciable amount of time.

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- 157. DEFENDANTS' actions caused DECEDENT to reasonably believe that he was about to be imminently touched in a harmful or offensive manner.
  - 158. DECEDENT did not consent to DEFENDANTS' assaultive actions.
  - 159. DECEDENT was harmed, injured, and damaged by such actions.
- 160. DEFENANTS' actions and conduct were a substantial factor in causing DECEDENT'S harm, injuries, and damages.
- 161. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### TENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### Battery (Wrongful Death)

### (Against all DEFENDANTS)

- 162. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through161 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 163. DEFENDANTS, while working as officers for the TPD and deputies for TCSO, and acting within the course and scope of their duties, intentionally and unconscionably shot DECEDENT multiple times, and used unreasonable and excessive force against him. As a result of the actions of DEFENDANTS, DECEDENT suffered severe pain and suffering and ultimately died from his injuries. DEFENDANTS had no legal justification for using the level of force against DECEDENT that they used, and their use of force, including deadly force, while carrying out their duties as police officers was an unreasonable and unprivileged use of force.
- 164. As a direct and proximate result of the conduct of DEFENDANTS as alleged above, DECEDENT sustained injuries and died from his injuries and also lost his earning capacity. As a direct and proximate result of the conduct of DEFENDANTS as alleged above,

DECEDENT suffered survival damages pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure §377.34.

- 165. CITY, COUNTY, [TPD & TCSO] and DOES are vicariously liable for the wrongful acts of DEFENDANTS pursuant to section \$15.2(a) of the California Government Code, which provides that a public entity is liable for the injuries caused by its employees within the scope of the employment if the employee's act would subject him or her to liability.
- 166. The conduct of DEFENDANTS was malicious, willful, wanton, oppressive, and accomplished with a conscious disregard and deliberate indifference for the rights of Plaintiffs and DECEDENT, entitling Plaintiffs, individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, to an award of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.
- 167. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### **ELEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION**

### Negligence (Wrongful Death)

### (Against All DEFENDANTS)

- 168. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through167 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 169. Police officers, including DEFENDANTS, have a duty to use reasonable care to prevent harm or injury to others. This duty includes using appropriate tactics, giving appropriate commands, giving warnings, and not using any force unless necessary, using less than lethal options, and only using deadly force as a last resort.
- 170. In doing the acts as alleged herein, DEFENDANTS were negligent in that they had a legal duty to conform to a standard of conduct to protect DECEDENT of which

	·-				
1	DEFENDANTS failed to do. DEFENDANTS' failure and breach of this duty was the				
2	proximate cause of the resulting harm, personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death				
3	suffered by DECEDENT.				
4	171. Defendants breached this duty of care. Upon information and belief, the				
5	actions and inactions of Defendants were negligent and reckless, including, but not limited to:				
6	a. The failure to properly and adequately assess the need to detain, arrest,				
7	and use force or deadly force against DECEDENT;				
8					
9	b. The negligent tactics and handling of the situation with DECEDENT,				
10	including pre-shooting negligence;				
11	c. The negligent detention, arrest, and use of force, including deadly force,				
12	against DECEDENT;				
13	d. The failure to provide prompt medical care to DECEDENT;				
14	e. The failure to properly train and supervise employees, both professional				
15	and non-professional, including DEFENDANTS and DOES;				
16 17	f. The failure to ensure that adequate numbers of employees and/or				
18	contractors with appropriate education and training were available to meet the needs of and				
19	protect the rights of DECEDENT, including but not limited to, mental health, spiritual, and				
20	crisis intervention professionals, officers, and/or counselors;				
21	g. The negligent handling of evidence and witnesses; and				
22	h. The negligent communication of information during the incident.				
23	i. The negligent training of DEFENDANTS and DOES.				
24	j. Defendants COUNTY, CITY, and DOES, and each of them, negligently				
25	and intentionally failed to hire, instruct, supervise control, discipline and/or train its employees				
26					
27	and agents, including but not limited to police canine officers and units.				
28	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES				

k. Defendants COUNTY, CITY, and DOES failed to adequately provide, administer and monitor procedures regarding detentions, arrests, reporting, searches and seizures, of suspects and witnesses, and use of TASERS, use of weapons, use of firearms, use of force and/or use of deadly force.

- 172. As a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' conduct as alleged above, and other undiscovered negligent conduct, DECEDENT was caused to suffer severe pain and suffering and ultimately died. Also, as a direct and proximate result of DEFENDANTS' conduct as alleged above, Plaintiffs suffered emotional distress and mental anguish. Plaintiffs also have been deprived of the life-long love, companionship, comfort, support, society, care and sustenance of DECEDENT, and will continue to be so deprived for the remainder of their natural lives.
- 173. CITY and COUNTY [TPD & TCSO] are vicariously liable for the wrongful acts of DEFENDANTS and DOES pursuant to section 815.2(a) of the California Government Code, which provides that a public entity is liable for the injuries caused by its employees within the scope of the employment if the employee's act would subject him or her to liability.
- 174. In doing the acts as alleged herein, DEFENDANTS are presumed Negligent

  Per Se in that they violated 42 U.S.C. §1983 and that this violation was a substantial factor in

  bringing about the harm, personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death damages suffered by

  DECEDENT and Plaintiffs.
- 175. Plaintiffs bring this cause of action individually and as successors-in-interest to DECEDENT, and seeks both survival and wrongful death damages under this cause of action. Plaintiffs also seek attorney fees under this cause of action, including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### TWELVTH CAUSE OF ACTION

### (Violation of Cal. Civil Code §52.1)

### (Against All Defendants)

- 176. Plaintiffs repeat and re-allege each and every allegation in paragraphs 1 through175 of this Complaint with the same force and effect as if fully set forth herein.
- 177. California Civil Code, Section 52.1 (the Bane Act), prohibits any person from using violent acts or threatening to commit violent acts in retaliation against another person for exercising that person's constitutional rights.
- 178. On information and belief, DEFENDANTS, while working for CITY and COUNTY and acting within the course and scope of their duties, authorized, encouraged, directed, assisted and/or intentionally committed and attempted to commit acts of violence against DECEDENT, including tasing and shooting DECEDENT without justification or excuse, by integrally participating and failing to intervene in the above violence, and by denying him immediate necessary medical care.
- 179. When DEFENDANTS tased and shot DECEDENT, they interfered with his civil rights to be free from unreasonable searches and seizures, to due process, to equal protection of the laws, to medical care, to be free from state actions that shock the conscience, and to life, liberty, and property.
- 180. On information and belief, Defendants intentionally and spitefully committed the above acts to discourage DECEDENT from exercising his civil rights, to retaliate against him for invoking such rights, or to prevent him from exercising such rights, which he was fully entitle to enjoy.
- 181. On information and belief, DECEDENT reasonably believed and understood that the violent acts committed by Defendants DOE OFFICERS were intended to discourage

him from exercising the above civil rights, to retaliate against him for invoking such rights, or to prevent him from exercising such rights.

- 182. As such, DEFENDANTS successfully interfered with the above civil rights of DECEDENT and Plaintiffs.
- 183. The conduct of Defendants was a substantial factor in causing Plaintiffs' harm, losses, injuries, and damages.
- 184. CITY and COUNTY [TPD & TCSO] are vicariously liable for the wrongful acts of DEFENDANTS, inclusive, pursuant to section 815.2(a) of the California Government Code, which provides that a public entity is liable for the injuries caused by its employees within the scope of the employment if the employee's act would subject him or her to liability.
- 185. DEFENDANTS and DOES are vicariously liable under California law and the doctrine of respondent superior.
- 186. The conduct of the DEFENDANTS was malicious, willful, wanton, unconscionable, oppressive, and accomplished with the conscious disregard and deliberate indifference for DECEDENT'S and Plaintiffs' rights, justifying an award of exemplary and punitive damages as to DEFENDANTS.
- 187. Plaintiffs seek attorney fees under this cause of action including federal and state statutory attorney fees and civil penalties.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiffs, JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL GARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem, AMY SMITH, JESSE GARCIA, SR. and MONICA GARCIA, individually and as successors-in-interest to Jesse Garcia, Jr., deceased, requests entry of judgment in their favor and against DEFENDANTS, and each of them, as follows:

A. For general damages in an amount according to proof at trial;

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	1	B. For special damages in an amount according to proof at trial;	
	2	C. For compensatory damages in whatever amount may be proven at trial,	
	3	including both survival damages and wrongful death damages under federal and state law;	
	4	D. For noneconomic damages, including but not limited to, pain and suffering,	
	5	inconvenience, mental suffering, and emotional distress, in an amount according to proof at	
	6	trial;	
	7	E. For funeral and burial expenses, and loss of financial support;	
	8	F. For punitive and exemplary damages against the all DEFENANTS except for	
	9	COUNTY and CITY, in an amount according to proof at trial;	
	11	G. For federal and state statutory damages;	
	12	H. For interest according to law;	
	13	I. For all loss of earnings and wages according to proof at trial;	
	14	J. For costs of suit;	
	15	K. For statutory attorneys' fees and cost under federal law, including but not	
	16	necessarily limited to 42 U.S.C. §1988, and the private attorney general doctrine, according to	
	17	proof;	
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	21	necessarily infinited to Civil Code 952(ii) and (i) (The York State Civil Edgins 1969), and the	
	22	private attorney general doctrine, according to proof;	
	23	M. For civil penalties pursuant to §§52, 52.1(b) and (c) (The Tom Bane Civil	
	24	Rights Act); and,	
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	27	///	
	28	COMPLAINT FOR DAMAGES	
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1	N. For such other and further	relief as the Court may deem just and proper.				
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4	DATED: November 30, 2023	LAW OFFICE OF DEREK P. WISEHART				
5		1 /2//				
6		Derek P. Wisehart, Attorney for Plaintiffs,				
7		JRYDEN LUKE FARRELL SARCIA, a minor, by and through his Guardian Ad Litem, AMY				
8		SMITH, JESSE GARCIA, SR. and MONICA GARCIA, individually and as successors-in-				
9		interest to Jesse Garcia, Jr., deceased.				
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# County of Tulare



Clerk of the Board

Jason T. Britt
County Administrative Officer/
Clerk of the Board

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CLAIM

- □ MAP
- □ CHECK
- □ RESOLUTION
- □ AGREEMENT
- □ OTHER

**DELIVERED:** 

DELIVERED BY DETEK P. Wisehart

CONTACT NAME Derek P. Wischart

PHONE NUMBER 559 - 636-9473

EMAIL derek@dwisehartlang com

**SIGNATURE** 

\*FOR CLERK OF THE BOARD OFFICE USE ONLY

RECEIVED BY: Regul Saldivor

NOTES: 5/30/2023

## RECEIVED

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		Mail Clair	n To:	MAY 3 0 2023
Attach Additional Pag		2800 W. B	ne Board of Supervisors Burrel Ave. A 93291-4593	TULARE COUNTY CLERK OF THE BOARD
		1962		Clerk of the Board Stamp
			AND GENERAL INFORM	ATION
CLAIMANT FULL NAME: EST Smith OBO Iryden G Morko Garcia (I PERSON TO BE NOTIFIED OF A	ate of Jesse Gare aminor; Jesse Go Mother)	cia', Amy orca (Fathe	1 2330 W. Main S	t., Visalia, CA 93291
Devek P. Wisch	2	T-	NOTIFICATION ADDRESS (1F DI	FFERENT THAN ABOVE)
CLAIMANT DATE OF BIRTH	MEDICARE BENEFICIARY	(OPTIONAL)	EMAIL ADDRESS (OPTIONAL)	
(OPTIONAL)	YES NO		derek@dwiseher	flaw. com
DATE OF ACCIDENT/INCIDENT	ACCIDENT/INCIDENT TIME:	AM/PM.	CONTACT PHONE NUMBER(S)	
12/1/22			(559) 636-947	3
			R FULL DESCRIPTION OF AREA)	
		N. Wes	t still city of Ti	ulare, County of Tularc
State of Calif	ornia		/\*	-
		LIAB	ILITY	
DESCRIBE WHAT HAPPENED, W	HY YOU FEEL THE COUNTY IS	LIABLE AND NA	MES OF ANY INVOLVED COUNTY E	MPLOYEE(S):
Tulare County Sho	eriffs Departmen	nt and -	Tulare Police Depar	tment stopped, detained
tased, shot and	Killed decedent	Jesse 6	sarcia in violation	of his civil rights
causing personal	injury and de	ath. R		
0	-220	PROPERT	Ý DAMAGE	×
DESCRIBE PROPERTY DAMAGE (	CLAIMED, INCLUDING LOCATI	ION, NATURE OF	DAMAGE, CAUSE AND HOW VALUE	IS CALCULATED
Multiple gun sh	et holes and r	elated e	lamages to pick-	up truck
		PERSONA	<u>L</u> INJURY	•
STATE THE NATURE AND EXTENT	OF CLAIMANT'S INJURY WH	ICH FORMS THE	BASIS OF THIS CLAIM:	
Multiple gun she	t wounds and	deatho	+ Jesse Gaecia.	Decedent was attacked
by a police canin	e. Decedent w	as tasta	h**	1
See Attachmen	ા <del>.</del> ⊁			
		AMOUNT O	FCLAIM	
PROPERTY DAMAGE \$		OTAL \$ AMOUNT		
Unknown	Exceeds #10,000		s of \$10,080	
	7.34	WITNE	SSES	
NAME(S) / ADDRESS(ES) / CONT _Tulare County Sher	iffe office and	DOE Emp	layees	
Tulare County Police Unknown			521	
CRIMINAL PENALITY F FRAUDULENT CLAIMS O STATEME	OR MAKING FALSE		THE AMOUNT OF THIS CLAIM COVERS OF	ITE OF CALIFORNIA THAT THE FOREGOING IS NLY DAMAGES AND INJURIES CAUSED BY THE
Every person who, with intent to de allowance or payment any false of f guilty of a felony, (See California I	raudulent claim Is	Du	24	5/30/23

\* See attached Notice of Government Claim

<u>Additional Remarks</u> or <u>Diagram</u> - If additional space is needed, feel free to use the section below for further comments. If the claim involves a motor vehicle accident, please also provide a visual diagram.

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	×	
DIAGRAM OF ACCIDEN	T/INTERSECTION/STREET NAMES: (Ider	ntifiers V1, V2, V3 etc.)
N/A	N	*
N/ A	•	
V		$\boldsymbol{\mathit{E}}$
-	<i>S</i> .	
	В,	· · · · · ·

#### NOTICE TO CLAIMANT

Claims must be signed by the property owner, injured party, or the person representing the claimant.

Any unsigned claim forms cannot be honored. See Government Code §910.2.

The County of Tulare often needs the supporting evidence in order to evaluate your claim. Whether attached to the claim form or submitted subsequently, evidence supporting the amount claimed may include:

- For claims of damage to property which has been or can be repaired, submit an itemized estimate or statement of damages by a
  reliable repair shop of your choice, or if payment has been made, the itemized signed receipts evidencing repairs and payment.
  For lost property or property that cannot be economically restored, submit documentation of the original cost of the property,
  the date of purchase, and the value of the property before and after accident.
- For claims of bodily injury, personal injury or death, the claimant should submit documentation evidencing the degree
  of injuries sustained, diagnosis from medical providers and type of treatment obtained, including medical billing incurred.
  It is recommended that medical evidence NOT be attached to the claim form, but that such substantiation of damages be
  provided upon request. The Claim Form and attachments thereto is a public record and subject to public inspection.

Note: Medicare recipients seeking compensation for personal injuries or medical expenses may be required to provide their

Medicare Identification Number pursuant to 42 USC §1395y.

• If you are filing your tort claim after the six-month filing period, you must explain to the County your reason(s) for the delay. This is called an "Application for Leave to Present a Late Claim" (see Govt. Code section 911.4). There is no application form, therefore your application should be in the form of a letter with the proposed claim attached. The County shall consider the application in accordance with Government Code section 911.6, which lists legally acceptable reasons for filing a late claim. The County shall decide whether the application will be accepted. The County will consider the merits of the actual claim only if the "Application for Leave to Present a Late Claim" has been accepted.

The completed claim form and any supporting documentation needs to be mailed or delivered to the:

Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 2800 W. Burrel Ave. Visalia, CA 93291-4593

#### WHAT HAPPENS NEXT?

Your claim will be investigated by Risk Management claims staff, and you should hear back on the status of your claim within 45 days of the presentation of your claim. Any questions should be directed to the County Counsel Risk Management Department at (559) 636-4950.

#### REGARDING INSURANCE COVERAGE (Optional)

So that a claim may be properly reviewed and evaluated by Risk Management, your insurance information may be helpful in securing	j
the appropriate documentation that could assist us in the claims process regarding your loss or injury	

-	HAVE YOU FILED A CLAIM WITH YOURINSURANCE COMPANY?	YES	N
•	NAME OF YOUR INSURANCE COMPANY		
•	INSURANCE COMPANY CLAIM OR POLICY NO. ?		
•	REPRESENTATIVE NAME:		
	CONTACT PHONE OR EMAIL INFORMATION:		_
	TE STEPOU NATIANTO VOLTO DEINICERDI DI AMOLINETO		

1	Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. #178100
2	LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART 2330 W. Main Street
3	Visalia, CA 93291
4	Telephone: (559) 636-9473 Fax: (559) 636-9476
5	
6	John K. Jackson, Esq. #172544.  LAW OFFICES OF JOHN K. JACKSON
7	900 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
	Telephone: (559) 713-1000
8	Fax: (559) 713-1422
9	
10	Attorneys for Claimants,  ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA, AMY SMITH, obo JRYDEN G., a minor,
11	JESSE GARCIA, and MONICA GARCIA
12	
13	In Re the Claim of: ) Case No:
14	j
15	) NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA; ) CLAIM PURSUANT TO
16	AMY SMITH, obo JRYDEN G., a minor; ) GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION
17	JESSE GARCIA; and, ) 910 MONICA GARCIA; )
18	) WRONGFUL DEATH/ Claimants. ) SURVIVAL ACTION
19	)
20	TO OWN OF MAIL AND THE AND TOUR AND THE STATE OF THE POLICE
21	TO: CITY OF TULARE; TULARE POLICE DEPARTMENT; TULARE POLICE
22	DEPARTMENT CHIEF OF POLICE; COUNTY OF TULARE; TULARE COUNTY
23	SHERIFF'S OFFICE; TULARE COUNTY SHERIFF; DOE EMPLOYEES 1-50 INCLUSIVE;
24	AND DOES 51-100, INCLUSIVE, hereinafter referred to collectively as "RESPONDENTS".
25	
6	Claimants hereby make a claim against RESPONDENTS in an amount exceeding  1
	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT
	TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910
155	

1	\$10,000.00 according to proof and makes the following statements in support of this claim.
2	1. THE NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS OF THE CLAIMANT(S):
3	ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA
4	AMY SMITH obo JRYDEN G., a minor;
5	JESSE GARCIA (Decedent's Father) MONICA GARCIA (Decedent's Mother).
6	c/o Derek P. Wisehart, Esq.
7	LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART
8	2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
9	2. THE POST OFFICE ADDRESS TO WHICH THE PERSON PRESENTING
10	THE CLAIM DESIRES NOTICE TO BE SENT:
11	
12	Derek P. Wischart, Esq. LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART
13	2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
14	
15	3. THE DATE, PLACE AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE
16	OCCURRENCE OR TRANSACTION WHICH GAVE RISE TO THE CLAIM ASSERTED:
17	a. On or about December 1, 2022 at or near the intersection of W. Cartmill Avenue
18	and N. West Street, in the City and County of Tulare, decedent JESSE GARCIA (hereinafter
19	referred to as "DECEDENT") was parked in a pickup truck in or near an orchard when he was
20	stopped, detained, tased, shot multiple times, and killed by RESPONDENTS.
21	After first being incapacitated by a Taser while sitting in his truck, DECEDENT was then
22	
23	immediately and repeatedly shot at close range an unknown number of times by an unknown
24	number of RESPONDENT Police Officers and Sheriff's Deputies, one or more of which
25	repeatedly shot DECEDENT to the extent that such RESPONDENT shot/emptied his or her
26	2
	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

entire clip of bullets until there were no more rounds left in the gun to shoot. Indeed, Claimants are informed and believe that RESPONDENTS, collectively, fired possibly as many as several dozen rounds of bullets at DECEDENT, all after DECEDENT had been incapacitated by the application of a Taser.

- b. In doing the acts as alleged above, RESPONDENTS intended to cause or place DECEDENT in apprehension of a harmful or an offensive contact with his person. At no time did DECEDENT consent to any of the acts of RESPONDENTS alleged above. As a proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS as alleged, DECEDENT and Claimants were hurt and injured in their health, strength, and activity sustaining injury to their nervous system and person, all of which have caused, them mental, physical, and nervous pain and suffering, and wrongful death damages. As a result of these injuries, they have suffered general damages, special damages, and wrongful death damages. As a further proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS, DECEDENT and Claimants have incurred unknown, medical, funeral, and related expenses. The full amount of these expenses is not known at this time. The aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to oppress and cause injury and death to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
- c. In doing the acts as alleged above, RESPONDENTS acted with the intent to, and did in fact make offensive physical contact with DECEDENT'S person. At no time did DECEDENT consent to any of the acts of RESPONDENTS alleged above. As a proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS as alleged, DECEDENT and Claimants have been hurt and injured in their health, strength, and activity sustaining injury to their nervous system and person, all of which have caused, them mental, physical and nervous pain and suffering and wrongful

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death damages. As a result of these injuries and wrongful death, DECEDENT and Claimants have suffered damages. As a further proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS, DECEDENT and Claimants have incurred, medical, funeral and related expenses. The full amount of these expenses is not known at this time. The aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to oppress and cause injury to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.

- d. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS engaged in outrageous conduct as set forth herein. RESPONDENTS' conduct was intentional and malicious and done for the purpose of causing DECEDENT to suffer humiliation, mental anguish, fear for his life, and emotional and physical distress. RESPONDENTS' conduct was done with knowledge that DECEDENT'S emotional and physical distress would thereby increase, and was done with a willful, wanton, and reckless disregard of the consequences to DECEDENT and Claimants. As the proximate result of the acts alleged above, DECEDENT suffered humiliation, mental anguish, and emotional and physical distress, and death. The aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to oppress and cause injury to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
- In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS violated the civil rights of e. DECEDENT in that RESPONDENTS intentionally violated DECEDENT'S Fourth Amendment rights employing unreasonable and excessive force under the circumstances. RESPONDENTS were at all times herein mentioned acting under color of state law and were acting and/or purporting to act in the performance of their official duties. As a proximate result of RESPONDENTS' actions DECEDENT and Claimants have suffered personal injuries, damages,

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and wrongful death damages as stated herein. In acting as alleged above RESPONDENTS acted knowingly, willfully and maliciously, and with reckless and callous disregard for DECEDENT'S State and federally protected rights.

- f. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS are presumed Negligent Per Se in that they violated 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 and that this violation was a substantial factor in bringing about the harm, personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death damages suffered by DECEDENT and Claimants.
- g. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS were negligent in that RESPONDENTS had a legal duty to conform to a standard of conduct to protect DECEDENT of which RESPONDENTS failed to do. RESPONDENTS' failure was the proximate cause of the resulting personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death suffered by DECEDENT.
- h. CITY OF TULARE, TULARE POLICE DEPARTMENT, TULARE POLICE
  DEPARTMENT CHIEF OF POLICE, COUNTY OF TULARE, TULARE COUNTY SHERIFF,
  DOE EMPLOYEES 1-50, and each of them, negligently and intentionally failed to hire, instruct,
  supervise, control, discipline and/or train its employees and agents, including but not limited to
  Police canine dog and/or Sheriff's canine dog, DOE EMPLOYEES, and DOES. Additionally,
  RESPONDENTS failed to adequately provide, administer and monitor procedures regarding
  detentions, arrests, reporting, searches and seizures, of suspects and witnesses, and use of
  Taser's, use of weapons, use of firearms, use of force and/or use of deadly force.
  RESPONDENTS failed to conduct a reasonable and adequate investigation into this matter.
  RESPONDENTS have violated a statute, ordinance, or regulation of a public entity including but
  not limited to Federal and State Constitutional Law, CA Penal Code, CA Government Code, and

1	42 U.S.C. §1983.
2	i. RESPONDENTS, and each of them, intentionally and unlawfully, by means of
3	force, excessive force, deadly force, duress, menace, threats, and use of official authority,
4	watering detailed amounted and/or utilized averaging and deadly force one DECEDENT
5	restrained, detained, arrested, and/or utilized excessive and deadly force upon DECEDENT
6	without necessity or justification. DECEDENT was restrained, detained, arrested, and confined
7	for an appreciable amount of time, tased and shot multiple times against his will, proximately
8	causing the death of DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
9	4. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INDEBTEDNESS OBLIGATION,
10	INJURY, DAMAGE OR LOSS AS FAR AS KNOWN AT TIME OF PRESENTATION;
11	a. As to Claimants and DECEDENT, damages include, but are not limited to
. 12	
13	the following:
14	<ol> <li>Wrongful Death of Jesse Garcia;</li> </ol>
15	2. Survival Action;
16	3. Violation of Civil Rights;
17	4. Personal Injuries;
18	5. Emotional Distress;
19	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
20	6. General Damages;
21	7. Special Damages;
22	8. Economic Damages;
23	9. Non-Economic Damages;
24	10. Punitive Damages; and
25	11. Attorney fees and costs.
26	6
	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

1	5. NAME OR NAMES OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CAUSING THE INJURY OR
2	LOSS, IF KNOWN:
3	RESPONDENTS; and DOE EMPLOYEES 1 through 50, inclusive.
4	6. AMOUNT CLAIMED AS OF DATE OF PRESENTATION OF CLAIM:
5	Amount claimed exceeds \$10,000.00. This is not a limited civil case. Jurisdiction is in
6	<b>∞</b>
7	the Tulare County Superior Court.
8	
9	Dated: May 30, 2023 LAW OFFICE OF DEREK P WISEHART
10	Daitti, Ividi) = 3,2020
11	Derek P. Wischart, Altorney
13	for Claimants.
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	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

1	PROOF OF SERVICE
2	OTATE OF OAL IFORNIA COUNTY OF THE ADE
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF TULARE
4	I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is 2330 W. Main Street, Visalia, California 93291.
5	
6	On May 30, 2023, I served the foregoing LIABILITY CLAIM FORM on all interested parties, by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope and addressed as follows:
7	
8	Clerk of the Board of Supervisors 2800 W. Burrel Ave. Visalia, CA 93291
9	
10	[X] By Personal Service - I delivered such envelope by hand to the addressee.
11	By Mail - I deposited such envelope with the United States Postal Service,
12	enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States Mail at Visalia, California. I am readily familiar with the business practice at
13	my place of business for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing with the United States Postal Service. Correspondence so collected and processed
14	is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.
15	[ ] By Express Service Carrier - I deposited in a box or other facility
16	regularly maintained by Federal Express, an express service carrier, or delivered to a courier or driver authorized by said express service carrier to receive documents in
17	an envelope designated by the said express carrier, with delivery fees paid or provided for.
18	[ ] By Facsimile - I transmitted from a facsimile transmission machine whose
19	telephone number is 559/636-9476, the afore-described document(s), and a copy of this declaration to the above interested parties at the listed facsimile transmission
20	telephone number.
21 .	[ ] By Electronic Service: I sent the afore-described document(s) from email address dnorys@dwisehartlaw.com to the person(s) at the email addresses
22	listed above. I did not receive within a reasonable time after transmission any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.
23	X (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of
24	California that the foregoing is true and correct.
25	

\_\_\_\_ (Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made. Executed on May 30, 2023, at Visalia, California. Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. 

### CITY OF TULARE CLAIM FORM

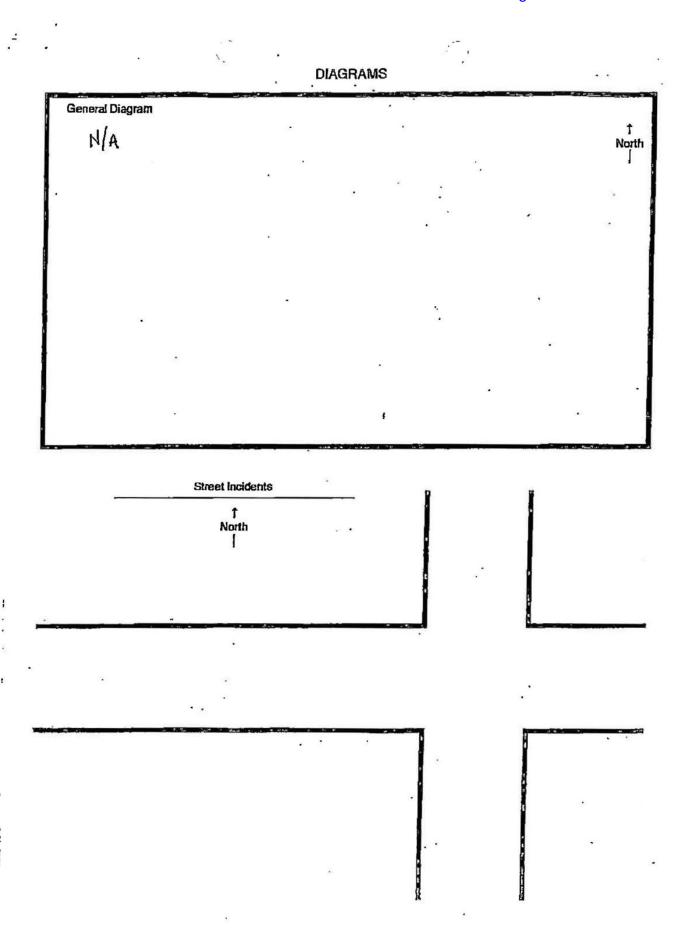
MAY 3 0 2023
RECEIVED

Return completed form to: Risk Management City of Tulare 411 E. Kern Avenue Tulare, CA 93274 (559) 684-4202



(Please Type Or Print)

	CLAIM AGAINST City of Tulare; Tulare Police Department; DOE Employees 1-50
	Estate of Josse Garcia; (Name of Entity)  Claimant's name: Jesse Garcia (Father); Monica Garcia (Mother)
	Claimant's name: JESSE Garcie (Father); Monica Garcia (Mother)
	SS#: DOB: Gender: Male Female
3	Claimant's address: 2330 W. Main St., Visalia (A 93291 Telephone: (559) 636-9473
8	Address where notices about claim are to be sent, if different from above:
0	2330 W. Main St., Visalie, CA 93291
7	Date of incident/accident:  2 1 22
J	Date injuries, damages, or losses were discovered: 12/1/22
I	ocation of incident/accident At or near W. Cartmill Ave. and N. West St., City of Tu County of Tulare, State of California What did entity or employee do to cause this loss, damage, or injury? Stapped, detained, tased. Shot
_(	rud Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent, Jesse Garcia in Violation of his civil rights causing personal Killed decedent in the civil rights causing personal Rights causing personal Killed decedent rights causing personal
7	That are the names of the entity's employees who caused this injury, damage, or loss (if known)? City of Tulare; Tulare
7	olice Department and DOE Employees; Tulare County Sheriff's Department an
	DE Employees hat specific injuries, damages, or losses did claimant receive? Personal Injuries, Death, Survival
	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)
- Ju	Action *
W ju	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see
W ju	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].
W ju G	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].
W ju G 	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].  This is an unlimited civil case exceeding \$10,000.
W ji <sup>1</sup> G	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].  This is an unlimited civil case exceeding \$10,000.  We was this amount calculated (please itemize)? Wrongful death of Decedent, Jesse Garcia.
W ju G	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].  This is an unlimited civil case exceeding \$10,000.  We was this amount calculated (please itemize)? Wrongful death of Decedent, Jesse Garcia Violation of his civil rights *
W ju G Ho	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].  This is an unlimited Civil case exceeding \$10,000.  We was this amount calculated (please itemize)? Wrongful death of Decedent, Jesse Giarcia Violation of his civil rights *  (Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)
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W ju G H H	(Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  that amount of money is claimant seeking or, if the amount is in excess of \$10,000, which is the appropriate court of isdiction. Note: If Superior and Municipal Courts are consolidated, you must represent whether it is a "limited civil case" [see overnment Code 910(f)].  This is an unlimited civil case exceeding \$10,000.  We was this amount calculated (please itemize)? Wrongful death of Decedent, Jesse Grancia Violation of his civil rights *  (Use back of this form or separate sheet if necessary to answer this question in detail.)  e Signed: \$130123 Signature:



1	Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. #178100
2	LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART
	2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
3	Telephone: (559) 636-9473
4	Fax: (559) 636-9476
5	John K. Jackson, Esq. #172544
6	LAW OFFICES OF JOHN K. JACKSON 900 W. Main Street
7	Visalia, CA 93291
8	Telephone: (559) 713-1000 Fax: (559) 713-1422
9	*
10	Attorneys for Claimants, ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA, AMY SMITH, obo JRYDEN G., a minor,
1.1	JESSE GARCIA, and MONICA GARCIA
12	
13	In Re the Claim of: ) Case No:
14	) Substituti
15	) NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA; ) CLAIM PURSUANT TO
16	AMY SMITH, obo JRYDEN G., a minor; ) GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION JESSE GARCIA; and, ) 910
17	MONICA GARCIA;
18	) WRONGFUL DEATH/ Claimants. ) SURVIVAL ACTION
19	)
20	
21	TO: CITY OF TULARE; TULARE POLICE DEPARTMENT; TULARE POLICE
22	DEPARTMENT CHIEF OF POLICE; COUNTY OF TULARE; TULARE COUNTY
23	SHERIFF'S OFFICE; TULARE COUNTY SHERIFF; DOE EMPLOYEES 1-50 INCLUSIVE;
24	AND DOES 51-100, INCLUSIVE, hereinafter referred to collectively as "RESPONDENTS".
25	Claimants hereby make a claim against RESPONDENTS in an amount exceeding
26	1
Ш	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT

1	\$10,000.00 according to proof and makes the following statements in support of this claim.
2	1. THE NAME AND POST OFFICE ADDRESS OF THE CLAIMANT(S):
3	ESTATE OF JESSE GARCIA
4	AMY SMITH obo JRYDEN G., a minor;
5	JESSE GARCIA (Decedent's Father) MONICA GARCIA (Decedent's Mother).
6	c/o Derek P. Wisehart, Esq.
7	LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART
8	2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
9	2. THE POST OFFICE ADDRESS TO WHICH THE PERSON PRESENTING
10	THE CLAIM DESIRES NOTICE TO BE SENT:
11	
12	Derek P. Wisehart, Esq.  LAW OFFICES OF DEREK P. WISEHART
13	2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291
14	
15	3. THE DATE, PLACE AND OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE
16	OCCURRENCE OR TRANSACTION WHICH GAVE RISE TO THE CLAIM ASSERTED:
17	a. On or about December 1, 2022 at or near the intersection of W. Cartmill Avenue
18	and N. West Street, in the City and County of Tulare, decedent JESSE GARCIA (hereinafter
19	referred to as "DECEDENT") was parked in a pickup truck in or near an orchard when he was
20	stopped, detained, tased, shot multiple times, and killed by RESPONDENTS.
21.	After first being incapacitated by a Taser while sitting in his truck, DECEDENT was then
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23	immediately and repeatedly shot at close range an unknown number of times by an unknown
24	number of RESPONDENT Police Officers and Sheriff's Deputies, one or more of which
25	repeatedly shot DECEDENT to the extent that such RESPONDENT shot/emptied his or her
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	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT
- 11	TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

entire clip of bullets until there were no more rounds left in the gun to shoot. Indeed, Claimants are informed and believe that RESPONDENTS, collectively, fired possibly as many as several dozen rounds of bullets at DECEDENT, all after DECEDENT had been incapacitated by the application of a Taser.

- b. In doing the acts as alleged above, RESPONDENTS intended to cause or place

  DECEDENT in apprehension of a harmful or an offensive contact with his person. At no time

  did DECEDENT consent to any of the acts of RESPONDENTS alleged above. As a proximate

  result of the acts of RESPONDENTS as alleged, DECEDENT and Claimants were hurt and

  injured in their health, strength, and activity sustaining injury to their nervous system and person,

  all of which have caused, them mental, physical, and nervous pain and suffering, and wrongful

  death damages. As a result of these injuries, they have suffered general damages, special

  damages, and wrongful death damages. As a further proximate result of the acts of

  RESPONDENTS, DECEDENT and Claimants have incurred unknown, medical, funeral, and

  related expenses. The full amount of these expenses is not known at this time. The

  aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to

  oppress and cause injury and death to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
- c. In doing the acts as alleged above, RESPONDENTS acted with the intent to, and did in fact make offensive physical contact with DECEDENT'S person. At no time did DECEDENT consent to any of the acts of RESPONDENTS alleged above. As a proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS as alleged, DECEDENT and Claimants have been hurt and injured in their health, strength, and activity sustaining injury to their nervous system and person, all of which have caused, them mental, physical and nervous pain and suffering and wrongful

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death damages. As a result of these injuries and wrongful death, DECEDENT and Claimants have suffered damages. As a further proximate result of the acts of RESPONDENTS,

DECEDENT and Claimants have incurred, medical, funeral and related expenses. The full amount of these expenses is not known at this time. The aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to oppress and cause injury to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.

- d. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS engaged in outrageous conduct as set forth herein. RESPONDENTS' conduct was intentional and malicious and done for the purpose of causing DECEDENT to suffer humiliation, mental anguish, fear for his life, and emotional and physical distress. RESPONDENTS' conduct was done with knowledge that DECEDENT'S emotional and physical distress would thereby increase, and was done with a willful, wanton, and reckless disregard of the consequences to DECEDENT and Claimants. As the proximate result of the acts alleged above, DECEDENT suffered humiliation, mental anguish, and emotional and physical distress, and death. The aforementioned conduct of RESPONDENTS was willful and malicious and was intended to oppress and cause injury to DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
- e. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS violated the civil rights of DECEDENT in that RESPONDENTS intentionally violated DECEDENT'S Fourth Amendment rights employing unreasonable and excessive force under the circumstances. RESPONDENTS were at all times herein mentioned acting under color of state law and were acting and/or purporting to act in the performance of their official duties. As a proximate result of RESPONDENTS' actions DECEDENT and Claimants have suffered personal injuries, damages,

and wrongful death damages as stated herein. In acting as alleged above RESPONDENTS acted knowingly, willfully and maliciously, and with reckless and callous disregard for DECEDENT'S State and federally protected rights.

- f. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS are presumed Negligent Per Se in that they violated 42 U.S.C. Section 1983 and that this violation was a substantial factor in bringing about the harm, personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death damages suffered by DECEDENT and Claimants.
- g. In doing the acts as alleged above RESPONDENTS were negligent in that RESPONDENTS had a legal duty to conform to a standard of conduct to protect DECEDENT of which RESPONDENTS failed to do. RESPONDENTS' failure was the proximate cause of the resulting personal injuries, damages, and wrongful death suffered by DECEDENT.
- h. CITY OF TULARE, TULARE POLICE DEPARTMENT, TULARE POLICE
  DEPARTMENT CHIEF OF POLICE, COUNTY OF TULARE, TULARE COUNTY SHERIFF,
  DOE EMPLOYEES 1-50, and each of them, negligently and intentionally failed to hire, instruct,
  supervise, control, discipline and/or train its employees and agents, including but not limited to
  Police canine dog and/or Sheriff's canine dog, DOE EMPLOYEES, and DOES. Additionally,
  RESPONDENTS failed to adequately provide, administer and monitor procedures regarding
  detentions, arrests, reporting, searches and seizures, of suspects and witnesses, and use of
  Taser's, use of weapons, use of firearms, use of force and/or use of deadly force.
  RESPONDENTS failed to conduct a reasonable and adequate investigation into this matter.
  RESPONDENTS have violated a statute, ordinance, or regulation of a public entity including but
  not limited to Federal and State Constitutional Law, CA Penal Code, CA Government Code, and

1	42 U.S.C. §1983.
2	i. RESPONDENTS, and each of them, intentionally and unlawfully, by means of
3	force, excessive force, deadly force, duress, menace, threats, and use of official authority,
4	restrained, detained, arrested, and/or utilized excessive and deadly force upon DECEDENT
5 6	without necessity or justification. DECEDENT was restrained, detained, arrested, and confined
7	for an appreciable amount of time, tased and shot multiple times against his will, proximately
8	causing the death of DECEDENT and subsequent damages to Claimants.
9	4. GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF THE INDEBTEDNESS OBLIGATION,
10	INJURY, DAMAGE OR LOSS AS FAR AS KNOWN AT TIME OF PRESENTATION;
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12	a. As to Claimants and DECEDENT, damages include, but are not limited to
13	the following:
14	1. Wrongful Death of Jesse Garcia;
15	2. Survival Action;
16	3. Violation of Civil Rights;
17	4. Personal Injuries;
18	5. Emotional Distress;
19	6. General Damages;
20	7. Special Damages;
22	8. Economic Damages;
23	
24	9. Non-Economic Damages;
25	10. Punitive Damages; and
26	11. Attorney fees and costs.
	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT
11	TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

1	5. NAME OR NAMES OF PUBLIC EMPLOYEES CAUSING THE INJURY OR
2	LOSS, IF KNOWN:
3	RESPONDENTS; and DOE EMPLOYEES 1 through 50, inclusive.
4	6. AMOUNT CLAIMED AS OF DATE OF PRESENTATION OF CLAIM:
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6	Amount claimed exceeds \$10,000.00. This is not a limited civil case. Jurisdiction is in
7	the Tulare County Superior Court.
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10	Dated: May 30, 2023 LAW OFFICE OF DEREK P. WISEHART
11	1/2///
12	Derek P. Wisehart, Attorney
13	for Claimants.
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	NOTICE OF GOVERNMENT CLAIM PURSUANT TO GOVERNMENT CODE SECTION 910

1	PROOF OF SERVICE
2	
3	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF TULARE
4	I am a citizen of the United States and a resident of the County aforesaid; I am over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action; my business address is 2330 W. Main Street, Visalia, California 93291.
5	On May 30 , 2023, I served the foregoing CITY OF TULARE CLAIM FORM on all
6	interested parties, by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope and addressed as follows:
7	
8	Risk Management City of Tulare
9	411 E. Kern Ave. Tulare, CA 93274
10	[X] By Personal Service - I delivered such envelope by hand to the addressee.
11	T. J. B. W. H. Langer, M. J. J. J. W. M. H. H. H. J. Chat. B. (10)
12	[ ] By Mail - I deposited such envelope with the United States Postal Service, enclosed in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United
13	States Mail at Visalia, California. I am readily familiar with the business practice at my place of business for collection and processing of correspondence for mailing
14	with the United States Postal Service. Correspondence so collected and processed is deposited with the United States Postal Service that same day in the ordinary course of business.
15	course of business.
16	[ ] By Express Service Carrier - I deposited in a box or other facility regularly maintained by Federal Express, an express service carrier, or delivered to
17	a courier or driver authorized by said express service carrier to receive documents in an envelope designated by the said express carrier, with delivery fees paid or
18	provided for.
19	[ ] By Facsimile - I transmitted from a facsimile transmission machine whose telephone number is 559/636-9476, the afore-described document(s), and a copy of
20	this declaration to the above interested parties at the listed facsimile transmission telephone number.
21	[ ] By Electronic Service: I sent the afore-described document(s) from
22	email address <u>dnorys@dwisehartlaw.com</u> to the person(s) at the email addresses listed above. I did not receive within a reasonable time after transmission any
23	electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.
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1	X (State) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.
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3	(Federal) I declare that I am employed in the office of a member of the Bar of this Court at whose direction the service was made.
4	Executed on May 30, 2023, at Visalia, California.
5	1 Just 1
6	Derek P. Wisehart, Esq.
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#### NOTICE OF REJECTION OF CLAIM

CLAIMANT: Estate of Jesse Garcia; Amy Smith obo Jryden G., a minor; Jesse Garcia

(Father); Monica Garcia (Mother), FR 100720

ADDRESS: c/o Derek P. Wisehart, Attorney

2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Claim which you presented to City of Tulare on May 30, 2023 was rejected on June 20, 2023.

#### WARNING

Subject to certain exceptions, you have six (6) months from the date this Notice of Rejection of Claim was personally delivered or deposited in the mail to file a court action on this Claim. (See Government Code Section 945.6.)

You may seek the advice of an attorney of your choice in connection with this matter. If you desire to consult an attorney, you should do so immediately.

This Notice of Rejection of Claim applies only to claims under state law and shall not extend any time limits as may be imposed upon the claimant(s) for pursuit of the claimant(s) rights under federal laws, statutes, other sources of rights of recovery in favor of claimant(s).

Please also be advised that pursuant to Sections 128.5 et seq. and 1038 of the California Code of Civil Procedure, the City of Tulare will seek to recover all costs of defense in the event a legal action is filed in the matter and it is determined that the action was not filed in good faith and with reasonable cause, or as otherwise determined to justify the imposition of attorney's fees and costs of suit pursuant to such sections, as well as any other sections or laws inuring to the benefit of the City of Tulare, its officers, officials, employees, agents, or representatives.

#### PROOF OF SERVICE

On June 21, 2023, I served the within NOTICE OF REJECTION OF CLAIM on the claimant by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope in the outgoing mail addressed as requested by the claimant.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed in Tulare, California, on June 21, 2023.

Chief Deputy City

Melissa Hermann

# COUNTY OF TULARE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY COUNSEL RISK MANAGEMENT

County Counsel Jennifer M. Flores Deputy Risk Managers Rob Anderson Nancy Chavira



Risk Manager Susan L. Cox

June 27, 2023

Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. Law Offices of Derek P. Wisehart 2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291

RE: Estate of Jesse Garcia, Amy Smith obo Jryden G., a minor, Jesse Garcia, and Monica Garcia claims against the County received by the Clerk of the Board on May 30, 2023.

Dear Mr. Wisehart:

Please be advised that your claim has been formally rejected. Enclosed you will find the Notice of Rejection of Claim. Should you have any questions or wish to correspond, please contact me directly.

Respectfully,

Elisa Alanis

Risk Management Analyst

Enclosure: Notice of Rejection of Claim

EA/6/27/2023/RISK-2023368/1996726

2900 W. Burrel Avenue, County Civic Center, Visalia, CA 93291-4525 Telephone: (559) 636-4950 Fax: (559) 713-3719 www.tularecountycounsel.org Garcia, Jesse, et al. v. County of Tulare June 27, 2023 Page 2 of 3

# COUNTY OF TULARE NOTICE OF REJECTION OF CLAIM

Notice is hereby given that the Claim which you presented to Tulare County Board of Supervisors on May 30, 2023, was rejected on June 27, 2023.

### WARNING

Subject to certain exceptions, you have six (6) months from the date of this notice of rejection or partial rejection was personally delivered or deposited in the mail to file a court action on this Claim. (See Government Code, section 945.6).

You may seek the advice of an attorney of your choice in connection with this matter. If you desire to consult an attorney, you should do so immediately.

This Notice of Rejection of Claim applies only to claims under state law and shall not extend any time limits as may be imposed upon the claimant(s) for pursuit of the claimant(s)' rights under federal laws, statutes, or other sources of rights of recovery in favor of claimant(s).

Please also be advised that pursuant to Section 128.5 et seq. and 1038 of the California Code of Civil Procedure, the County of Tulare will seek to recover all costs of defense in the event a legal action is filed on the matter and it is determined that the action was not filed in good faith and with reasonable cause.

Garcia, Jesse, et al. v. County of Tulare June 27, 2023 Page 3 of 3 PROOF OF SERVICE STATE OF CALIFORNIA ) ss. COUNTY OF TULARE ) I am employed in the County of Tulare, State of California. I am over the age of eighteen (18) years and not a party to this action; and, my business address is 2900 W. Burrel Ave., Visalia, CA 93291. On this date, I served the following documents: Notice of Rejection on the parties to this action by placing a true copy thereof enclosed in a sealed envelope addressed as follows: Derek P. Wisehart, Esq. Law Offices of Derek P. Wisehart 2330 W. Main Street Visalia, CA 93291 X (BY MAIL) I am "readily familiar" with The County of Tulare's practice of collection and processing correspondence by mailing. Under that practice, mail is deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on the same day with postage fully prepaid at Visalia, California, in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit. (BY TELECOPIER) With the addressee(s)' consent and agreement, I caused such document to be delivered by telecopy transmission to the addressee(s). (BY PERSONAL DELIVERY) I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the addressee(s). (BY FEDERAL EXPRESS OR UPS NEXT DAY SERVICE) I caused such envelope to be delivered to Federal Express or UPS with a fully prepaid airbill/invoice for next business day delivery to the addressee(s). Executed on June 27, 2023, at Visalia, CA. cc: Claim File